DSHW-2022-020545

GeoStra

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July 11, 2022

RECEIVED

By Division of Waste Management and Radiation Control at 11:46 am, Jul 12, 2022

Utah Division of Waste Management and Radiation Control Attention: Mr. Brian Speer, Solid Waste Program Manager 195 North 1950 West Salt Lake City, UT 84114-4880

RNI Ace Class IIIb Exploration and Production Waste Landfill Disposal GeoStrata Project No. 524-099

RE: Request for Information – RNI Ace Class IIIb Exploration and Production Waste Landfill

Mr. Speer:

In a letter dated April 6, 2022, the Utah Division of Waste Management and Radiation Control (DWMRC) provided additional items for correction of the GeoStrata report titled "Ace Landfill Permit Application" submitted on behalf of RN Industries (RNI) and dated December 23, 2020. As requested by RNI, GeoStrata is responding to the additional questions and comments made by the DWMRC in its continued review. Updated pages of the permit application report have been prepared and are provided with this letter. These revised pages, which have been prepared for submission, incorporates the following responses to the Divisions comments of the April 6, 2022 letter:

Comment 1: Part II, 3.2.3 – Waste Disposal – Unless Ace Landfill can justify the use of just 12" protective layer of drain sand, the Division recommends using at least an 18" to fully protect the liner before any waste is disposed of. Please make changes to Drawings B-4 and B-5 to reflect these changes.

Response: Drawings B-4 and B-5 have been updated to meet this request of using 18 inches of drain sand. See attached permit drawings and incorporate them into the final permit.

Comment 2: Part III, Figure 1, Pages 13 and 14 – Please remove the name Bluebell and replace it with Ace so the application is specific to the Ace Landfill.

Response: The referenced pages have been updated and are attached to this letter.

Comment 3: Part III, 3.2 – Design of the Final Cover. Please provide an updated evapotranspiration (ET) cover design by specifying a clay layer of adequate thickness and covering it with more topsoil to provide an effective and lasting landfill cover. Please make changes to Drawings B-4 and B-5 to reflect these changes.

- (a) The Division disagrees with the use of just 6 inches of a clayey soil layer placed on the waste prior to placing the topsoil layer. A thin layer such as this could not be compacted. ET covers, such as discussed in Part III, Section 3.2., have not been shown effective when designed less than 40" thick, and most are thicker.
- (b) Although the Division previously provided approval of the ET cover for the RNI Bluebell landfill, that cover is similar to the one described in the Ace Landfill application and will not be effective. When it comes time for placing the final cover on the RNI Bluebell Landfill, it will also require a more protective design if RNI chooses to use an ET cover.
- Response: GeoStrata's design of the final cover was based on the standard design criteria found in R315-303-3(4) (Standard Design). The design included, as recommended two layers, one to minimize infiltration and another to minimize erosion. GeoStrata investigated the permeability of the clayey soils at the Ace and site and proposed to reduce the thickness of the infiltration layer portion of the final cove due to the highly impermeable soils at the site. GeoStrata proposed and alternative design that included 6 inches of clayey be used for the cover to minimize infiltration in addition to the 6 inches of soil to sustain vegetative growth. Although it is our opinion that the alternative design on the cover layer to minimize infiltration is equivalent to the standard design and has followed the requirements of R315-303-3(4)c) of an alternative final cover design, the Ace Landfill final cover will follow the recommendations of the standard design.

GeoStrata has not found any documentation in the Standard Design recommendation in R315-303-3(4) that would require 40 inches of cover. GeoStrata is also not aware of any currently permitted E&P landfill in the Uinta Basin that has required a cover that is 40 inches thick. If RNI were required to have a 40-inch-thick cover as part of the design and were required to bond for this type of cover, then this would be unlike any other E&P landfill in the Unita Basin. In addition, the Ace landfill would require additional funds for bonding and would be at an economic disadvantage as compared to all other landfills that take E&P waste GeoStrata requests that RNI be allowed to use the Standard Design for the final cover and be allowed to bond for this type of cover upon approval of the permit.

As part of this request the design drawings have been updated to show a final cover based on the Standard Design. This updated design includes 18 inches of soil that have permeability of less than 1×10^{-5} in addition to the 8 inches of soil to support vegetative growth.

We look forward to having this permit application completed and approved by your office. Please let us know that you have received and reviewed our response letter. If you have any questions please contact our office at 801-501-0583.

Respectfully submitted,

GeoStrata

Jatale

JU/V

Jon Peaden Environmental Scientist

Mike Vorkink, P.G. Senior Geologist

RN INDUSTRIES ACE DISPOSAL FACILITY

POND 6 LANDFILL CONVERSION

June 30, 2022

SECTION 3, TOWNSHIP 6 SOUTH, RANGE 20 EAST, UINTAH SPECIAL BASE AND MERIDIAN



RN INDUSTRIES ACE DISPOSAL FACILITY

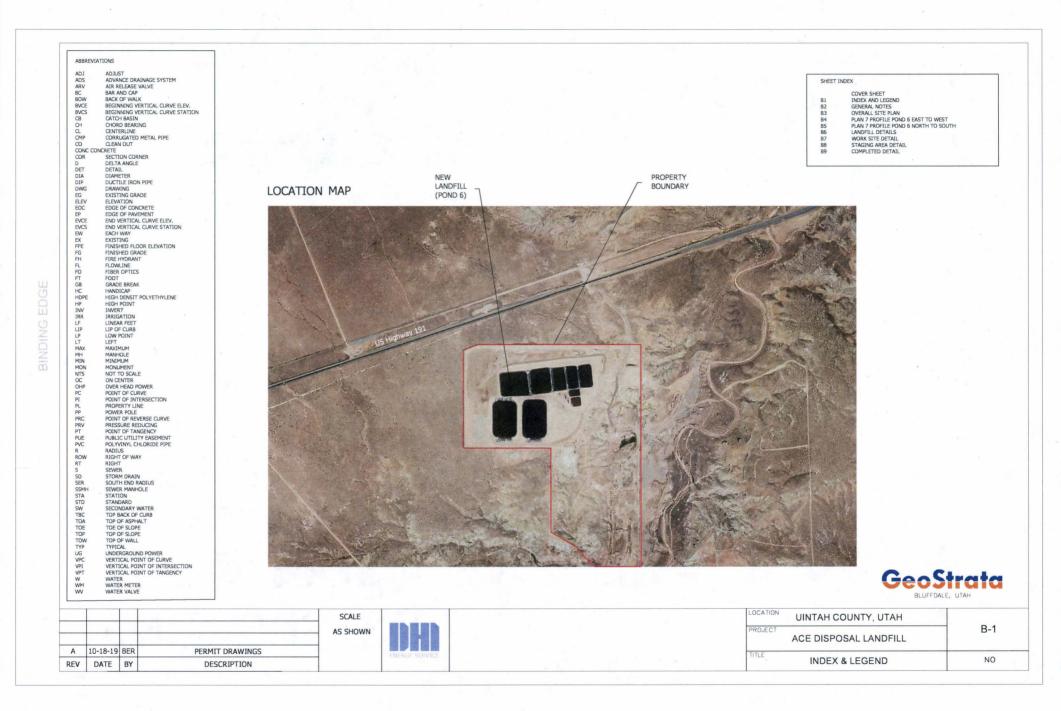
POND 6 LANDFILL CONVERSION

June 30, 2022

SECTION 3, TOWNSHIP 6 SOUTH, RANGE 20 EAST, UINTAH SPECIAL BASE AND MERIDIAN



			A					
		1		SCALE		LOCATION	UINTAH COUNTY, UTAH	
	1			NONE		PROJECT		
							ACE DISPOSAL LANDFILL	
A	10-18-19	BER	PERMIT DRAWINGS		ENERGY SERVICE	TITIE		
REV	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	1	ENERGY DERVICE	TITLE	COVER SHEET	NO



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THE DESIGN IS AN ORIGINAL UNPUBLISHED WORK AND MAY NOT BE DUPLICATED, PUBLISHED AND/OR USED WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF GEOSTRATA, LLC.
- ALL WORK IS TO BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PERTINENT JURISDICTIONAL COES, RESTRICTIONS, COVENANTS, AND/OR ODDINANCES, ANY CONFLICT BETWEEN DESIGN AND REQUIREMENT SHALL BE REPORTED TO GEOSTRATA, ILLS BEFORE PROCEEDING, FALURE TO DO SO VOIDS THE DESIGN.
- ANY AND ALL PROPOSED CHANGE, MODIFICATIONS AND/OR SUBSTITUTION SHALL BE REPORTED TO GEOSTRATA, LLC BEFORE PROCEEDING, ANY DEVIATION FROM THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION OF GEOSTRATA, LLC VOIDS THE DESIGN.
- IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE DESIGN DOCUMENTS AND/OR JURISDICTIONAL REQUIREMENTS, THE MORE RESTRICTIVE FROM THE STANDPOINT OF SAFETY AND PHYSICAL SECURITY SHALL APPLY.
- ANY INSTALLATION OR WORK NEXESSARY TO THE FUNCTIONING, SAFETY AND/OR PHYSICAL SECURITY OF DESIGN THAT IS TO BE ENCAPSULATED OR OTHERWISE PERMANENTLY OBSCURED FROM INSPECTION SHALL BE REPORTED TO GEOSTRATA, LLC A MINIMUM OF TWO C2) WORKING DAYS BEFORE ENCLOSURE.
- ANY DAMAGE, DISRUPTION OR COMPROMISE OF AMBIENT RIGHTS-OF-WAY, UTILITIES, OR ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY RECTIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR TO THE SATISFACTION OF GEOSTRATA, LLC AT NO COST TO THE OWNER.
- ALL WORK SHALL BE INSPECTED BY GOVERNING AGENCIES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR REQUIREMENTS. JURISDICTIONAL APPROVAL SHALL BE SECURED BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH WORK BY CONTRACTOR.

EROSION CONTROL NOTES

- AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION, CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PREVENTING AND CONTROLLING EROSION DUE TO WIND AND RUNOFF, CONTRACTOR SHALL ALSO BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING THE EROSION STORM WATER CONTROL FACILITIES READ BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CLEANING DRAINAGE AND EROSION CONTROL FACILITIES AS REQUIRED. ROADWAYS SHALL BE KEPT CLEAN OF CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS.
- 3. FUGITIVE DUST SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY SPRAYING WATER ON THE DRY AREAS OF THE SITE.
- 4. NO RUBBISH, TRASH, GARBAGE, OR THE OTHER SUCH MATERIALS SHALL BE DISCHARGED INTO DRAINAGE DITCHES OR WATERS OF THE STATE.
- ALL MATERIALS SPILLED, DROPPED, WASHED, OR TRACKED FROM VEHICLES ONTO ROADWAYS OR INTO STORM DRAINS SHALL BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ADJUSTING THE EROSION CONTROL MEASURES (SILT FENCES, STRAW BALES, ETC.) DUE TO GRADE CHANGES OR OTHER UNFORESEEN CONDITIONS DURING DEVELOPMENT OF THE PROJECT.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- 1. ALL WORK WITHIN THE SITE SHALL CONFORM TO CURRENT JURISDICTIONAL STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MEETING ALL OF THE REQUIREMENTS ESTABLISHED FOR SAFE TRENCHING. (SEE OSHA AND UOSHA REQUIREMENTS, LATEST EDITIONS).
- 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL LOCATE ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES BEFORE EXCAVATING WITHIN 200 FEET OF SAID UTILITIES WHICH MAY BE EXPOSED, DAMAGED, OR CROSSED AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS OR AS "BLUE STAKED". THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE ARRANGEMENTS WITH THE UTILITY COMPANY TO MOVE THE UTILITY IF NECESSARY OR OBTAIN PERMISSION FROM GEOSTRATA, LLC TO MODIPY GRADES OF PROJECT LINES IN ORDER TO GO AROUND EXISTING UTILITIES.
- 4. BURIED UTILITIES ARE SHOWN ON THE PLANS IN A GENERAL SCHEMATIC WAY ACCORDING TO INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM OTHERS. THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE LOCATION OS SHOWN IS APPROXIMATE ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE ACTUAL LOCATION OF EXISTING SERVICE CONNECTIONS AND UTILITES, VERIFY THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL LOCATIONS AND TAKE THE NECESSARY STEPS TO AVOID THEM.

LANDFILL #1 (POND 6 CONVERSION)

- BOTTOM OF LANDFILL, NOMINAL EL. = 4975 FT
 TOP OF LANDFILL, NOMINAL EL. = 5,000 FT
- TOP OF LANDFILL, NOMINAL EL. = 5,000
 INBOARD SLOPE = 3:1

4

- FINAL COVER GRADE = 2%
- 6. LANDFILL VOLUME (EXCLUDING BASE AND CAP MATERIAL) = 106,855 CY
- VOLUME OF 6" LEACHATE SAND = 2,600 CY
- 8. VOLUME OF 12" PROTECTIVE SOIL = 5,270 CY
- 9. VOLUME OF 8" OF TOP SOIL CAP = 3,500 CY
- 10. VOLUME OF 18" OF CLAY CAP (K=1x10^-5) =7,900 CY
- 11. SURFACE AREA OF TOP SOIL = 150,000 SF



CAUTION NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR

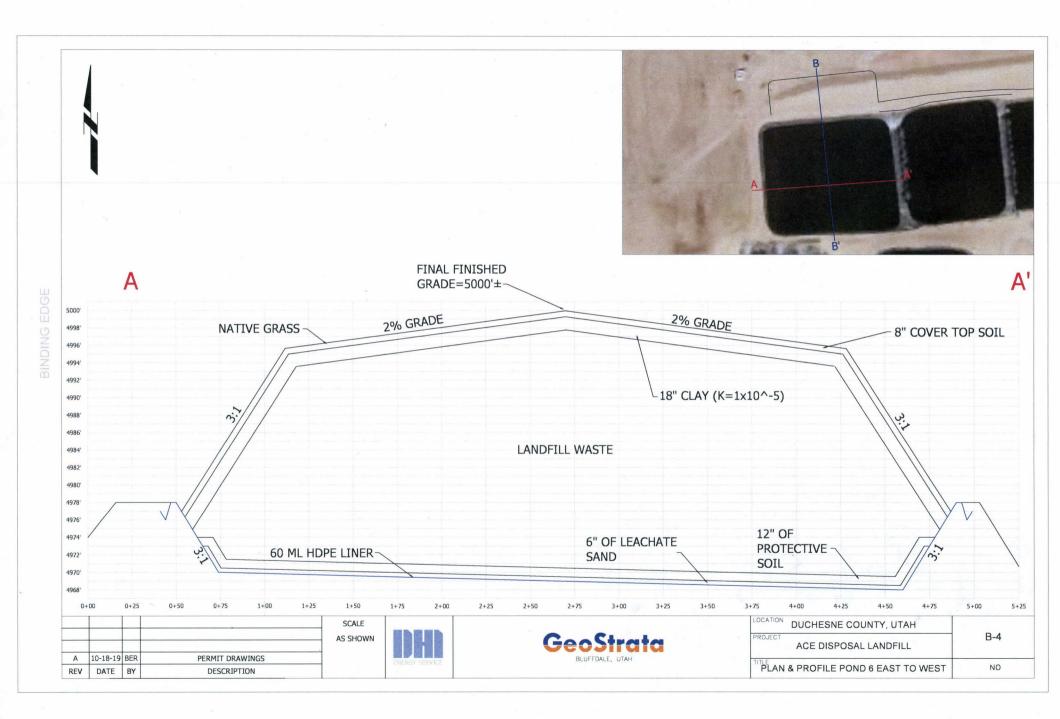
THE CONTRACTOR IS SPECIFICALLY CAUTIONED THAT THE LOCATION AND/OR ELEVATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES AS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS ARE BASED ON RECORDS OF THE WARIOUS UTILITY COMPANIES AND, WHERE POSSIBLE, MEASUREMENTS TAKEN IN THE FIELD, THE INFORMATION IS NOT TO BE RELIED ON AS BEING EXACT OR COMPLETE. THE CONTRACTOR MUST CALL THE APPROPRIATE UTILITY COMPANY AT LEAST 48 HOURS BEFORE ANY EXCAVATION TO STAKING OF UTILITIES, IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO RELOCATE ALL EXISTING UTILITIES WHICH CONFLICT WITH THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

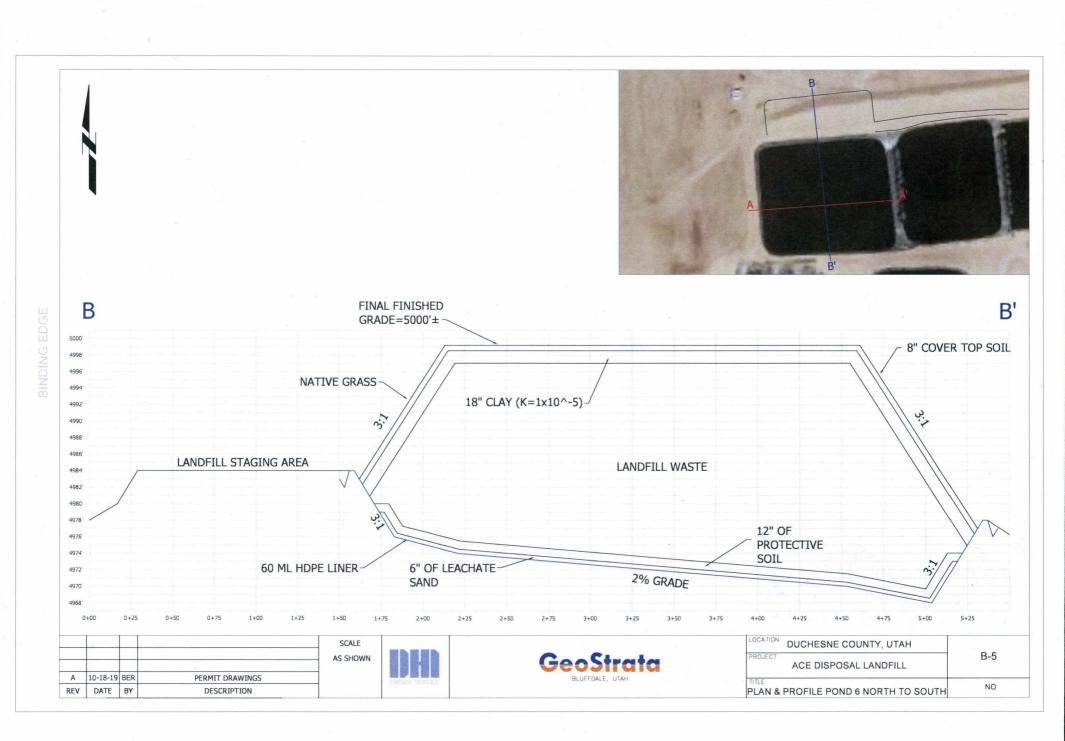
CONTRACTOR AGREES THAT IT SHALL ASSUME SOLE AND COMPLETE RESPONSIBILITY FOR JOB STFE CONDITIONS DURING THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT, INCLUDING SAFETY OF ALL PERSONS AND PROPERTY: THAT THIS REQUIREMENT SHALL APPLY CONTINUOUSLY AND NOT BE LIMITED TO THE NORMAL WORKING HOURS; AND THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DEFEND, INDEMNIFY, AND HOLD THE OWNER AND THE ENGINEER HARMLESS FROM ANY AND ALL LIABILITY, REAL OR ALLEGED, IN CONNECTION WITH THE PERFORMANCE OF WORK ON THIS PROJECT, EXPECTING FOR LIABILITY ARISING FROM SOLE NEELIGENEER.

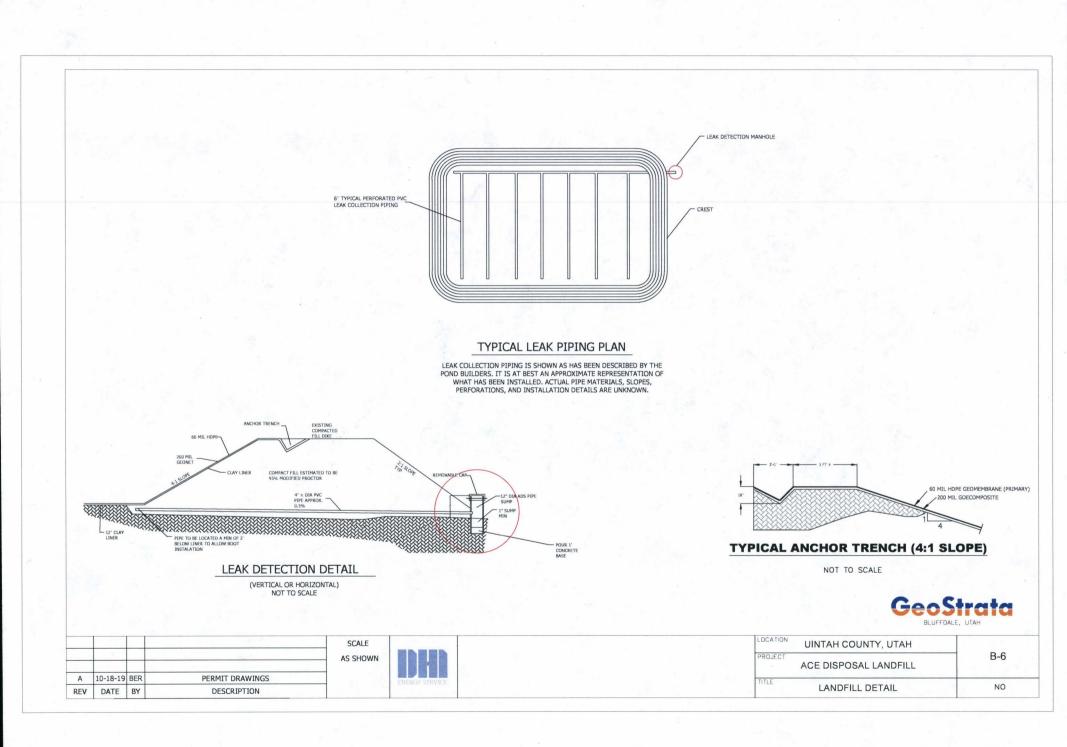
> GeoStrata BLUFFDALE, UTAH

	1.1.1			SCALE		LOCATION UINTAH COUNTY, UTAH	
			· · · · · ·	AS SHOWN		PROJECT ACE DISPOSAL LANDFILL	B-2
Α	10-18-19	BER	PERMIT DRAWINGS		EMERGY SERVICE	TITE	
REV	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION		The Person of the Person of the Person of the	GENERAL NOTES	NO

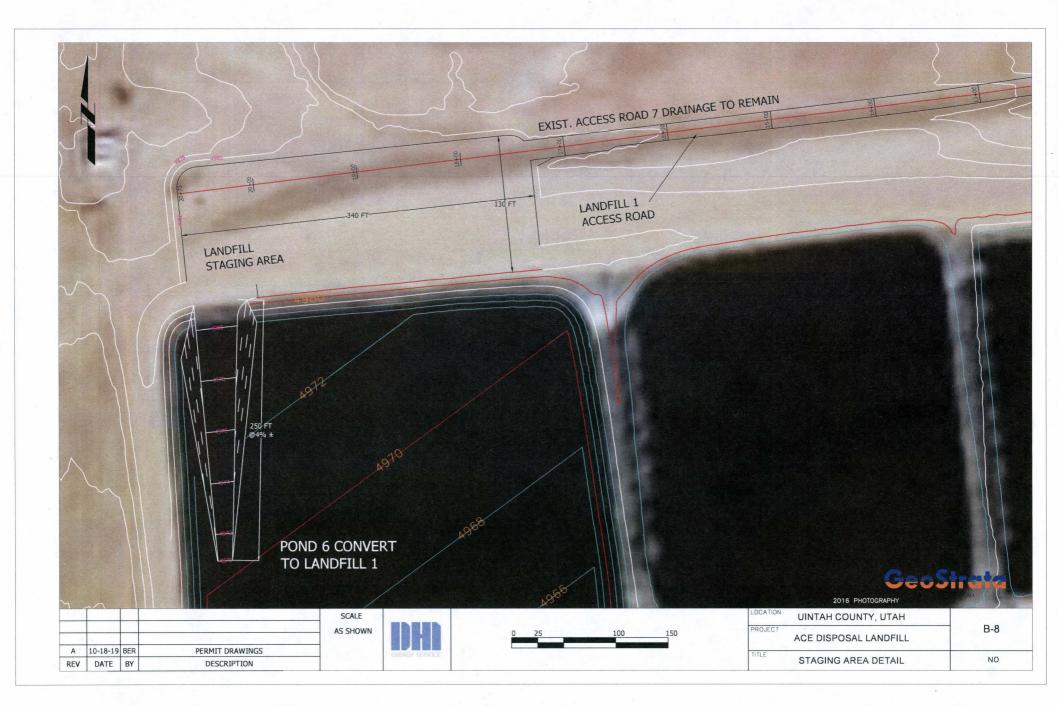












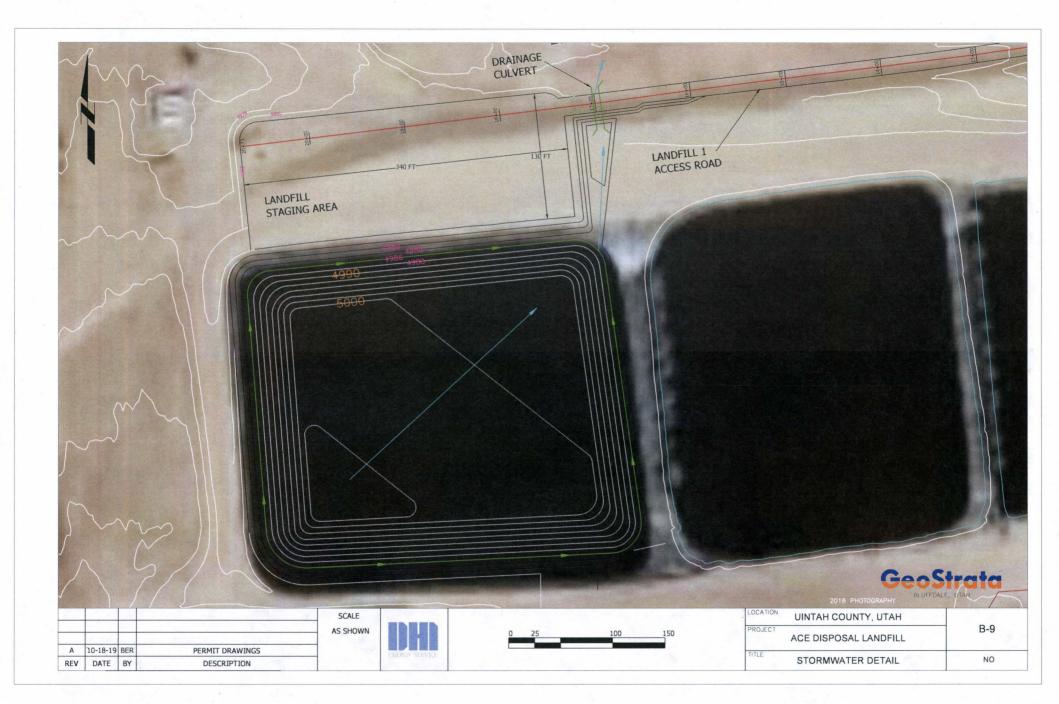


Figure1:

RN Industries Proposed Ace Landfill Alternative Closure Cap Equivalency to Standard Design prescribed by Rule R315-303-3

		Alternative Closure Cap Equivalency to Standard Design prescribed by Rule	2 R315-303-3(4)(c)
_		Infiltration and Erosion Equivalency	
	RN Industri	es proposes a six-inch thick Alternative Final Cover in place of Standard Design specified	in Rule R315-303-3 (4) (a) (i).
	be demonst following us This model	lie R315-303-3(4) does not provide a quantitative erosion standard, the equivalency o trated by showing geotechnical testing for and calculating annual erosion of the Alternal ses mathematical model based on the geotechnical testing to demonstrate equivalancey will demonstrate that the alternative cover achives an equivalent infiliration rate and proi -3(4)(c)(i and ii).	tive Final Cover Design. The as required in R315-303-3(4)(d).
	The Alterna	tive Final Cover will be constructed from compacted soil native available in sufficient qua	antity at the Bluebell Disposal Site.
	Alternative I	ng summary of soil test lab results, tables and narrative outline various geotechnical and Final Cover Design. These characteristics were chosen because they are parameters us and for USEPA/NRCS/USDA Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation.	
	References		
	1	EPA Stormwater Phase II Final Rule - EPA has updated its Rainfall Erosivity Factor problems and to use updated data from the Natural Resources Conservation Servi Loss Equation, Version 2 (RUSLE2) database, 2012-09-26	
	2	Wischmeler, W. H., and Smith, D.D. 1978. Predicting rainfall erosion losses a gu Department of Agriculture, Agriculture Handbook No. 537.	ide to conservation planning. U.S.
	3	Renard, K.G., G.R. Foster, G.A. Weesies, D.K. McCooi, and D.C. Yoder, coordinato Water: A Guide to Conservation Planning With the Revised Universal Soil Loss Equ Agriculture, Agriculture Handbook No. 703, 404 pp.	
	1.4		
	Qualitative	e and Quantitative Effect of Erosion Computation Parameters Affecting RN Indust	tries Alternative Landfill Cap Design
ine		Erosion Computation Parameter	Alternative Design Final Cover
	ASTM D	4647. Standard Test Methods for Identification and Classification of Dispersive Clay	P. Chartles Gass seconds had any detected

Line	Erosion Computation Parameter		Alternativ	e Design Final Co	over
1	ASTM D4647, Standard Test Methods for Identification and Soils Tests performed on sample compacted to optimum Procter interest is Non-Dispersive.			sample had non- dentifies a non-di osion rate.	
2	ASTM D698 - 12e2, Standard Test Methods for Laboratory C	Compaction Characteristics.	Proctor optimum moisture.	n is 122 lb/cf at 1	4.6%
3	ASTM D5084 - Method C, Standard Test Methods for Measu Lab measured Condictivity 7.74 X 10 ⁻⁷ cm/sec	rement of Hydraulic Conductivity.	Design was sele Standard Procto lab measured K The lab measure 3.33 X 10-6 cm/ Design infiltratio	construct the Alt cted and compace r Optimum Densi value of 2.46 X 1 ed conductivity is sec required for . n equivalency. Th R315-303-3(4) :	ted to its ty. It had a 0 ⁻⁷ cm/sec. lower than Alternative his meets the
		Classification	Sieve Size	Sieve Size (in)	Passing (%)
		C (1)	100.0 mm	4"	100
		Cobble	75.0 mm	3"	100
		Very Coarse Gravel	50.0 mm	2"	100
		very coarse Gravel	37.5 mm	1.5"	100
		Coarse Gravel	25.0 mm	1"	100
		Coarse Graver	19.0 mm	3/4"	100
	ASTM C117 - Standard Test Method for Materials Finer	Medium Gravel	12.5 mm	1/2"	100
4	than 75-µm (No. 200) Sieve.	Fine Gravel	9.5 mm	3/8"	100
.			4.75 mm	No. 4	100
	-	Very Fine Gravel	2.36 mm	No. 8	99
		Coarse Sand	2.00 mm	No. 10	99
			1.18 mm	No. 16	99
		Medium Sand	0.60 mm	No. 30	97
			0.43 mm	No. 40	96

REV 10292018

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GeoStrata Engineering Geo-Sciences

RN Industries Proposed Ace Landfill Alternative Closure Cap Equivalency to Standard Design prescribed by Rule R315-303-3

	Fine Sand	0.30 mm	No. 50	· 92
	Very Fine Sand	0.15 mm	No. 100	.81
	Silt & Clay	0.08 mm	No. 200	66

RN Industries Proposed Ace Landfill Alternative Closure Cap Equivalency to Standard Design prescribed by Rule R315-303-3

		Rank	5-303-3(4)(d)(i) at Year				
		1	1	Precip 13.18"	Ratio of Wettest Year to Average Year		
5			1938		= 13.18 Inches / ##### = 1.4		
-	9.31 Inches-Avg Annual Precip	2	1941	14.78"	To adjust Rainfall-Runoff Factor for the five		
		3	1983	11.47"	-		
		4	1997 2016	12.01" 13.03"	wettest years, multiply Rainfall-Runoff Fac from NRCS Iso Erodant map by 1.42		
6	NRCS has updated the original research	n for Handbook No. 1 D update, calibrate a	537 and 703. The equ or RUSLE.	lations are now alculations were	later revisions used by EPA and NRCS. listed as Revised Universal Soll Loss Equation performed by University of Indiana, College of		
7	Rainfall/Runoff Factor (EI Parameter NRC	and the second	= 10 from Fig 1, Is		14.15682062		
8	Erodability Factor (NRCS Fig. 3 Nomograp		using ASTM Grad		K = 0.64		
9	Topographic Factor (NRCS Slope Length I		Cap Slope = 3 o		LS = 6		
10	Cover & Management Factor (NRCS Table		using no cover and		S = 0.10		
11	Support Practice Factor (NRCS P Value lin	nits for Contouring)	using 250 Ft sk		C = 1.0		
12	Annual Soil Loss		A = R * K * L5 * C	(Tons/ Year)	A = 5.1 Ton/ Yr		
13	Soil erosion equivalency is demonstrated Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation.	by the applying the	standard model for ero	osion assessmer	it used by US EPA. It is based on the empirical		
13	Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation. Calculated Annual Soil Ero Annual soil volume loss	sion	. .				
13	Revised Universal Solf Loss Equation. Calculated Annual Solf Ero: Annual soli volume loss a The soll dens	sion ity determined by A	STM D4647 lab test is	126 Lb per CF			
	Revised Universal Solf Loss Equation. Calculated Annual Solf Eror Annual soli volume loss aThe soll dens bThe RUSLE	sion ity determined by A equation estimates	STM D4647 lab test is an annual soil loss of	126 Lb per CF 5.1 Tons / Yr			
13	Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation. Calculated Annual Soil Ero Annual soil volume loss a. The soil dens b. The RUSLE c. The RUSLE	sion ity determined by A equation estimates e corresponding volu	STM D4647 jab test is an annual soil loss of me of soil loss will be	126 Lb per CF 5.1 Tons / Yr 80 CF / Yr			
	Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation. Calculated Annual Soil Ero Annual soil volume loss a. The soil dens b. The RUSLE c. The d. Each proposed I	sion ity determined by A equation estimates corresponding volu andfill cap has a fin	STM D4647 jab test is an annual soil loss of me of soil loss will be ished surface area of	126 Lb per CF 5.1 Tons / Yr 80 CF / Yr 171,000 SF			
	Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation. Calculated Annual Soil Ero Annual soil volume loss a. The soil dens b. The RUSLE c. The d. Each proposed I	sion ity determined by A equation estimates corresponding volu andfill cap has a fin	STM D4647 jab test is an annual soil loss of me of soil loss will be	126 Lb per CF 5.1 Tons / Yr 80 CF / Yr 171,000 SF			
	Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation. Calculated Annual Soil Ero Annual soil volume loss a. The soil dens b. The RUSLE c. The d. Each proposed I e. The annual Allowance for non-uniform soil loss a	sion ity determined by A equation estimates e corresponidng volu andfill cap has a fin al uniform soil loss o and a reasonable F	STM D4647 lab test is an annual soil loss of me of soil loss will be ished surface area of ver entire cap will be actor of Safety	126 Lb per CF 5.1 Tons / Yr 80 CF / Yr 171,000 SF			
14	Revised Universal Solf Loss Equation. Calculated Annual Soil Ero Annual soil volume loss aThe soil dens bThe RUSLE cThe dEach proposed I eThe annua Allowance for non-uniform soil loss a Applying a	sion ity determined by A equation estimates e corresponidng volu andfill cap has a fin al uniform soil loss o and a reasonable F i Factor of Safety of	STM D4647 lab test is an annual soil loss of me of soil loss will be ished surface area of ver entire cap will be actor of Safety 10	126 Lb per CF 5.1 Tons / Yr 80 CF / Yr 171,000 SF 0.006 Inches			
	Revised Universal Solf Loss Equation. Calculated Annual Solf Ero Annual sol volume loss aThe solf dens bThe RUSLE cThe dEach proposed I eThe annua Allowance for non-uniform solf loss a Applying a The estimated uniform so	sion ity determined by A equation estimates a corresponiding volu andfill cap has a fin al uniform soil loss o and a reasonable F i Factor of Safety of oli loss over the entit	STM D4647 lab test is an annual soil loss of me of soil loss will be ished surface area of ver entire cap will be actor of Safety 10 re cap will increase to	126 Lb per CF 5.1 Tons / Yr 80 CF / Yr 171,000 SF 0.006 Inches 0.06 Inch / Yr			
14	Revised Universal Solf Loss Equation. Calculated Annual Soil Ero Annual soil volume loss aThe soil dens bThe RUSLE cThe dEach proposed I eThe annua Allowance for non-uniform soil loss a Applying a	sion ity determined by A equation estimates a corresponiding volu andfill cap has a fin al uniform soil loss o and a reasonable F i Factor of Safety of oli loss over the entit	STM D4647 lab test is an annual soil loss of me of soil loss will be ished surface area of ver entire cap will be actor of Safety 10 re cap will increase to	126 Lb per CF 5.1 Tons / Yr 80 CF / Yr 171,000 SF 0.006 Inches 0.06 Inch / Yr			
14	Revised Universal Solf Loss Equation. Calculated Annual Solf Ero Annual sol volume loss aThe solf dens bThe RUSLE cThe dEach proposed I eThe annua Allowance for non-uniform solf loss a Applying a The estimated uniform so	sion ity determined by A equation estimates corresponding value andfill cap has a fin al uniform soil loss o and a reasonable F i Factor of Safety of oil loss over the entit d, the top half of the	STM D4647 lab test is an annual soil loss of me of soil loss will be lished surface area of ver entire cap will be actor of Safety 10 re cap will increase to 6" thick cap has	126 Lb per CF 5.1 Tons / Yr 80 CF / Yr 171,000 SF 0.006 Inches 0.006 Inches	50 Years		